Amendments for Guidance for Ships for Navigation in Ice



- Main Amendments -

(1) Effective date : 1 Jul. 2020 (Date of which the contract for construction is signed)

• The design requirements of propulsion shafting for Ice class ID have been newly added.

Present	Amendment	Reason						
CHAPTER 1 STRENGTHENING FOR NAVIGATION IN ICE	CHAPTER 1 STRENGTHENING FOR NAVIGATION IN ICE	<guidance for="" for<br="" ships="">Navigation in Ice></guidance>						
Section 6 Propulsion Machinery <i>(2018)</i> 601. [~] 602. <omitted></omitted>	Section 6 Propulsion Machinery <i>(2018)</i> 601. ~ 602. <same as="" present="" the=""></same>	(Amendment) - newly added the design requirements of propulsion shafting for Ice class ID						
different types of operation as given in Table 1.15 wer taken into account. For the estimation of design ice loads a maximum ice block size is determined. The maximur design ice block entering the propeller is a rectangular ic	In estimating the ice loads of the propeller for Ice classes, different types of operation as given in Table 1.15 were taken into account. For the estimation of design ice loads, a maximum ice block size is determined. The maximum design ice block entering the propeller is a rectangular ice block with the dimensions $H_{ice} \cdot 2H_{ice} \cdot 3H_{ice}$. The thick- ness of the ice block (H_{ice}) is given in Table 1.16 . e 1.15 <omitted></omitted> In estimating the ice loads of the propeller for Ice classes different types of operation as given in Table 1.15 were taken into account. For the estimation of design ice loads, a maximum ice block size is determined. The maximum design ice block entering the propeller is a rectangular ice block with the dimensions $H_{ice} \cdot 2H_{ice} \cdot 3H_{ice}$. The thick- ness of the ice block (H_{ice}) is given in Table 1.16 . e 1.15 <omitted></omitted> Table 1.15 <same as="" present<="" td="" the=""></same>							
Ice class IA IA IB IC <u>ID</u>	Ice class IA IA IB IC							
Thickness of the design max- imum ice block entering the propeller (H_{ice}) 1.75 m1.5 m1.2 m1.0 m1.0 m	Thickness of the design max- imum ice block entering the propeller (H_{ice}) 1.75 m1.5 m1.2 m1.0 m	- delete ice block thickness of Ice class ID so that 608. Design of propulsion shafting						
604. <omitted></omitted>	604. <same as="" present="" the=""></same>	for Ice class ID is newly introduced.						

Present					Amendment							Reason		
605. Design loads 1. ~ 3. <omitted></omitted>							Design loads ~ 3. <same as<="" th=""><th></th></same>							
4.	4. Design loads on propeller blades					4.	Design loads							
	 <i>F_b</i> is the maximum force experienced during the ship's service life that bends a propeller blade backwards when the propeller mills an ice block while rotating ahead. <i>F_f</i> is the maximum force experienced during the ship's service life that bends a propeller blade forwards when the propeller mills an ice block while rotating ahead. <i>F_b</i> and <i>F_f</i> originate from different propeller/ice interaction phenomena, not acting simultaneously. Hence they are to be applied to one blade separately. (1) ~ (8) <omitted></omitted> (9) Number of ice loads The number of load cycles per propeller blade in the load spectrum is to be determined according to the formula: 							 F_b is the maximum force experienced during the ship's service life that bends a propeller blade backwards when the propeller mills an ice block while rotating ahead. F_f is the maximum force experienced during the ship's service life that bends a propeller blade forwards when the propeller mills an ice block while rotating ahead. F_b and F_f originate from different propeller/ice interaction phenomena, not acting simultaneously. Hence they are to be applied to one blade separately. (1) ~ (8) <same as="" present="" the=""></same> (9) Number of ice loads The number of load cycles per propeller blade in the load spectrum is to be determined according to the formula: 						
	where, Reference number of loads for Ice classes N_{dass}						where,							
							Reference number of loads for Ice classes N_{dass}							
	Class	IA Super	IA	IB	IC	ID		Class	IA Super	IA	IB	IC		- delete number of loads of Ice class ID so that 608.
	impacts for the hip's service life $/n$	$9 \cdot 10^{6}$	$6 \cdot 10^6$	$3.4 \cdot 10^6$	2.1 • 10	<u>2.1 • 1</u> 0		impacts for the hip's service life $/n$	$9 \cdot 10^{6}$	$6 \cdot 10^{6}$	$3.4 \cdot 10^6$	2.1 • 10		Design of propulsion shafting for Ice class ID is newly introduced.
(he	(hereafter, omitted)					(hereafter, same as the present Rules)								

Present	Amendment	Reason
608. <new></new>	608. Design of propulsion shafting for Ice class ID	
	<u>(2020)</u>	- newly added the design of
	1. Application	propulsion shafting for Ice
	This regulation applies to the design of propulsion shafting for ships with Ice class ID. However, some or all of pro- pulsion shaft design for Ice class IC in this section may be applied.	-
	2. Propeller shaft and stern tube shaft	
	The diameter of propeller shaft and stern tube shaft is not to be less than 5% increased from the shaft diameter calculated in accordance with Pt 5, Ch 3, 204. of the Rules for the Classification of Steel Ships.	-
	3. Thickness of Propeller Blade	
	 (1) The thickness of propeller blade is not to be less than 8% increased from the blade thickness calculated in ac- cordance with Pt 5, Ch 3, 303. of the Rules for the Classification of Steel Ships. (2) The thickness of propeller blades at a radius of 0.95<i>R</i> <u>t_{0.95} is not to be less than that obtained from the fol- lowing formula.</u> 	
	$\underline{t_{0.95} = 0.14(t+57)\sqrt[3]{\frac{430}{T}}}$	
	$t_{0.95}$: Thickness of propeller blade at a radius of	, -
	0.95R (mm)	
	t: Thickness at the root of propeller blade in ac-	
	cordance with Pt 5, Ch 3, 303. of Rules	-
	for the Classification of Steel Ships (solid	
	propeller: $0.25 R$, controllable pitch propeller:	
	$\frac{0.35R}{T}$ (mm) T : Specified minimum tensile strength of pro-	
	peller material (N/mm ²)	

Present	Amendment	Reason
	4. Fitting of propeller Where the propeller is force-fitted to the propeller shaft without the use of a key, the calculations for pull-up length and pull-up load in accordance with Pt 5, Ch 3, 305. 2 (C) of the Guidance Relating to the Rules for the Classification of Steel Ships is to be car- ried out using F_V' of the following formula in lieu of F_V . $F_V' = F_V + 0.15 \frac{2cQ}{D_s}$	
(hereafter, omitted)	(hereafter, same as the present Rules)	